

# Bradfield CE Primary School - Knowledge Organiser - 2023/24

Grammar: Suffixes

Year 2

Spring Term



## Key Vocabulary

<b>Root word</b>	A word from which other words can grow.
<b>Suffix</b>	A collection of letters that are placed at the end of the root word.
<b>Comparative</b>	An adjective that compares with one other thing using the suffix 'er'.
<b>Superlative</b>	An adjective used when comparing more than one thing to make it the best using the suffix 'est'.



Have a look through your books at home, see how the authors use different comparatives and superlatives.

### Suffix rules—short vowel sounds

When the root word ends in a short vowel sound (baby sound) and then a consonant, we double the final letter.

big → bigger

flat → flattest

hot → hottest

### Suffix rules—root words ending in y

When the root word ends in a 'y', we change the y to an 'i' before adding the suffix.

funny → funniest

happy → happier

jolly → jollier

### Suffix rules—root words ending in e

When the root word ends in an 'e', we add the suffix without the 'e'.

nice → nicer

cute → cutest

brave → bravest



### Using comparatives and superlatives:

Comparatives and superlatives are brilliant adjectives to add detail. It really shows the personality and emotions of your characters or the subject of what you are writing about. They are usually found before the noun (naming words for objects, people and places.)

Have a go at writing your own sentences using comparatives and superlatives.